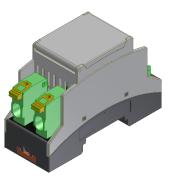
# Entube DE-HB-S

Specification Sheet for Verivolt Ultra-Compact, High-Bandwidth, Differential Voltage Sensor



### **OVERVIEW**

The Entube-DE-HB series was designed to enable measurement of fast high voltage signals in industrial and research environments. The output of the Entube-DE-HB is a linearly scaled down version of the voltage difference between its two input terminals. This output can then be processed by a computer based measurement system. The Entube-DE-HB series covers multiple input dynamic ranges with a 20MHz bandwidth, and 0.2% accuracy.

In addition to multiple dynamic ranges, the Entube-DE-HB can be ordered to have a single-ended (-S) or a differential-pair (-D) output. The single-ended version has a BNC connector at the output, and can be selected to be  $\pm$ 5V or  $\pm$ 1V. The differential-pair version has a clamp-cage connector at the output, and can be selected to be  $\pm$ 10V or  $\pm$ 1V. In both cases, the higher range is intended to be used with a high input impedance digitizer with a standard  $\pm$ 5 or  $\pm$ 10V dynamic range. The  $\pm$ 1V output range is intended to drive a 50 Ohm load (Single-Ended version) or a 100 Ohm load (Differential version) in applications where signal reflections must be avoided.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

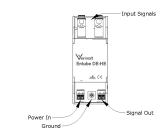
Entube DE-HB-S	100V	200V	300V	400V	500V	750V	1000V	2000V
Bandwidth (-3dB point)	20MHZ							
Integrated sensor noise (Referenced to output)	< 380 µV	< 290 µV	< 350 µV	< 350 µV	< 350 µV	< 370 µV	< 650 µV	< 900 µV
Gain (Using 10V standard output voltage)	10	20	30	40	50	75	100	200
Input Inpedance	2 MΩ    1pF		5M    1pF			10MΩ  1pF	20MΩ  1pF	40MΩ  1pF

#### HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

The high voltage input signal connects to the sensor via two clamp cage connectors. Use appropriate wire jacket and gauge, as well as creepage distance. For superior noise immunity, it is recommended to use a twisted pair from the high voltage source to the input of the sensor.

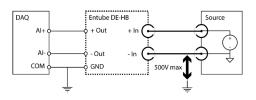
Eletrical	
Accuracy (percentage of reading)	±0.2%
Max total phase shift at 60Hz	< 0.001°
Max Input delay	< 20 ns
Withstanding common mode surge voltage	4x Input Range for 0.1s
Withstanding differential mode surge voltage	5x Input Range for 0.1s
Mechanical	
Mounting Type	DIN Rail
Connectivity In	Spring cage
Connedtivity Out	Spring cage / BNC
Outer Dimensions	3.6" x 2.4" x 1.4"
Weight	198 g (7.0 oz)

Performance	
Input-Output non-linearity	< 80 ppm
Output voltage	See notes
Gain temperature drift	±40 ppm/°C
Common mode rejection at 60Hz	82 dB
Power Supply Voltage	8V to 28V
Output type	Single-ended or differential pair
	0
Output Offset Voltage	<pre></pre>
Output Offset Voltage Output impedance	
	(on ±10V signal)
Output impedance	(on ±10V signal)

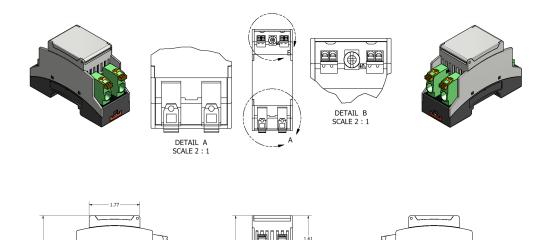


Connections for Entube DE-HB

A spring cage connector is used to input power to the sensor. A single post screw terminal is used to ground the secondary side of the sensor. The signal out of the sensor comes in a BNC connector (singleended version), or a spring cage connector (differential-pair version). If signal reflections are a concern, place the sensor as close as possible to the high voltage signal source, and use the appropriate cable and load termination. If using a digitizer with BNC inputs, use a 50 $\Omega$  coaxial cable and a 50 $\Omega$  terminating load at the digitizer end. If using a digitizer with differential inputs, use a 100  $\Omega$  twisted pair and a 100  $\Omega$  terminating load at the digitizer end.



The schematic on the figure above shows how to connect the Entube-DE-HB-S between the high voltage signal source and the digitizer.



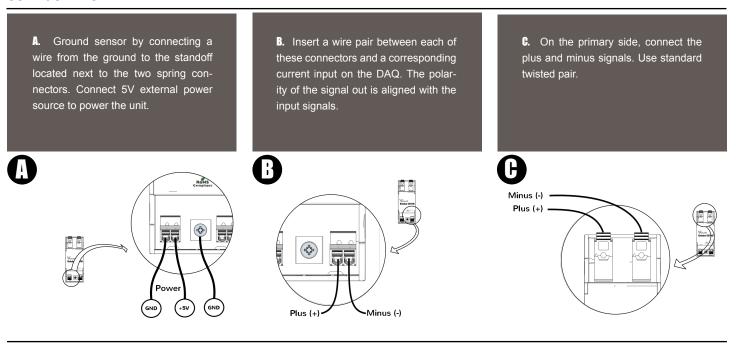
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#### HARDWARE **CONFIGURATION**



#### DANGER

THIS SENSOR IS NOT A SAFETY DEVICE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED AS A SAFETY DEVICE. This sensor is designed only to detect and read certain data in an electronic manner and perform no use apart from that, specifically no safetyrelated use. This sensor product does not include self-checking redundant circuitry, and the failure of this sensor product could cause either an energized or de-energized output condition, which could result in death, serious bodily injury, or property damage.